	Full	Partial conformity	No		
Federal Tax Code	conformity in Minnesota	in Minnesota	conformity in Minnesota	Effective date	Notes
100000100000					The tax bill kept the state 80% add-back but conformed
					to all the other new federal changes (higher deduction
Section 179		Χ		Tax year 2018	limit and phase-out, etc.).
					The tax bill removes MACRS for 2017 & 2018; allows for
Bonus depreciation		Χ		Tax year 2017	used assets; maintains 80% add-back rule.
					For corporate NOLs, the tax bill did not conform to the
					TCJA's treatment of pre-TCJA NOLs in imposing the 80%
NOLs		Χ		Tax year 2018	net income limit on this deduction.
Like-kind exchanges	X			Tax year 2018	
199A			Χ	Tax year 2018	
Technical termination of					
artnerships	X			Tax year 2019	
xcess business losses	X			Tax year 2018	
Cancellation of debt on principal				Tax year 2017	
esidence debt	X			only	
L63j	Х			Tax year 2018	
					The effective date 2019 applies because entertainment
					expenses wasn't included in the special limited
					adjustment. However, that adjustment doesn't apply to
ntertainment expenses	X			Tax year 2019	C Corporations.
				_	The tax bill allows nonprofits to continue to take this
ransportation fringe benefits		Х		Tax year 2019	deduction under the bill's UBIT provisions.
					The effect of the tax bill is to completely decouple from
GILTI, FDII and deemed repatriation	ı		Х	Tax year 2018	federal law on these international provisions.

		Partial			
	Full	conformity	No		
	conformity	in	conformity in		
Federal Tax Code	in Minnesota	Minnesota	Minnesota	Effective date	Notes

Personal deductions & exem	ptions				
Standard deduction	X			Tax year 2019	The state standard deduction corresponds to the federal amounts allowed, but are subject to a reduction if the taxpayer's income exceeds the threshold amounts (\$194,650 for most, except for married filing separate).
					Establishes a state dependent exemption equal to
Dependent exemption		Х		Tax year 2019	\$4,250 in tax year 2019.
Personal exemption	X			Tax year 2019	
Alimony	Χ			Tax year 2019	
				Tax year 2017	
Above the line deduction for tuition			Χ	only	
					The bill requires distributions from 529 Plans (Qualified
					Tuition Plans) that are used to pay for K-12 expenses to
529 funds used for K-12 expenses			Χ	Tax year 2018	be added to FAGI
Itemized deductions					
State and local taxes paid (Including					At the state level, deductions are only allowed for
real estate tax)	X			Tax year 2019	property and foreign taxes paid.
Charitable contributions	X			Tax year 2019	
Home mortgage interest	Χ			Tax year 2019	
					The tax bill conformed to the medical expense
					deduction for tax year 2017, as well, but not for tax
Medical expenses	X			Tax year 2019	year 2018.

Federal Tax Code	Full conformity in Minnesota	Partial conformity in Minnesota	No conformity in Minnesota	Effective date	Notes
Unreimbursed employee expenses			Х	Tax year 2019	The tax bill allows and itemized deduction for unreimbursed employee expenses. The deduction is limited to expenses in excess of 2 percent of AGI.  The tax bill allows a state itemized deduction for personal casualty and theft losses. TCJA limited the
Casualty losses			Χ	Tax year 2019	deduction to losses in disaster areas.
Mortgage insurance premium				Tax year 2017	
deduction			Χ	only	
Other state program change	es				
Working Family Tax Credit				Tax year 2019	Expands the Working Family Credit. Allocates \$10 million to the small-business investment
Angel Credit				Tax year 2019	credit for tax years 2019 and 2021
Social Security subtraction				Tax year 2019	Increases the Minnesota Social Security subtraction by \$450 for married couples filing joint returns, and by \$360 for single and head of household taxpayers.
Tax rates				Tax year 2019	Second tier rate reduced from 7.05% to 6.80%.